

Examples of Eligible Projects

Please take note, the following activities are ineligible under any Gas Tax Fund project category

- Investments in health infrastructure (hospitals, medical clinics, convalescent and seniors centres)
- Investments in emergency response related infrastructure (fire halls/equipment and emergency operations centres)
- Feasibility Studies
- Public Art
- Detailed design for projects are not considered eligible expenditures until capital works commence

Project Category	Description	Examples
Public Transit	Infrastructure which supports a shared passenger transport system which is available for public use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transit infrastructure such as rail and bus rapid transit systems, and related facilities • Buses, rail cars, ferries, para-transit vehicles, and other rolling stock and associated infrastructure • Intelligent Transport Systems such as fare collection, fleet management, transit priority signaling, and real time traveler information system at stations and stops • Related capital infrastructure including bus lanes, streetcar and trolley infrastructure, storage and maintenance facilities, security enhancement, and transit passenger terminals
Local Roads, Bridges, and Active Transportation	Roads, bridges and active transportation (active transportation refers to investments that support active methods of travel)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New and rehabilitation of roads • New and rehabilitation of bridges • Cycling lanes, paths, sidewalks and hiking trails • Intelligent Transportation systems • Additional capacity for high occupancy/transit lanes, grade separations, interchange structures, tunnels, intersections and roundabouts
Regional and Local Airports	Airport related infrastructure (excludes National Airport System)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction projects that enhance airports and are accessible all year-round, through the development, enhancement or rehabilitation of aeronautical and/or non-aeronautical infrastructure (includes runways, taxiways, aprons, hangars, terminal buildings etc.) • Non-aeronautical infrastructure such as groundside access, inland ports, parking facilities, and commercial and industrial activities

<p>Short-line Rail</p>	<p>Railway related infrastructure for carriage of passengers or freight</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction of lines to allow a railway to serve an industrial park, an intermodal yard, a port or a marine terminal • Construction, rehabilitation, or upgrading of tracks and structures, excluding regular maintenance, to ensure safe travel • Construction, development or improvement of facilities to improve interchange of goods between modes • Procurement of technology and equipment used to improve the interchange of goods between modes • Short-line operators must offer year-round service
<p>Short-sea Shipping</p>	<p>Infrastructure related to the movement of cargo and passengers around the coast and on inland waterways, without directly crossing an ocean</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specialized marine terminal intermodal facilities or transshipment (marine to marine) facilities • Capitalized equipment for loading/unloading required for expansion of short-sea shipping • Technology and equipment used to improve the interface between the marine mode and the rail/highways modes or to improve integration within the marine mode including Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) <p><i>Note: The purchase of vessels, infrastructure that supports passenger-only ferry services, rehabilitation and maintenance of existing facilities such as wharves and docks, and dredging are not eligible for funding</i></p>
<p>Community Energy Systems</p>	<p>Infrastructure that generates or increases efficient use of energy</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Renewable electricity generators • Electric vehicle infrastructure/fleet vehicle conversion • Hydrogen infrastructure (generation, distribution, storage) • Wind/solar/thermal/geothermal energy systems • Alternative energy systems that serve local government infrastructure • Retrofit of local government buildings and infrastructure not captured in any other eligible category.

Drinking Water	Infrastructure that supports drinking water conservation, collection, treatment and distribution systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drinking water treatment infrastructure • Drinking water distribution system (including metering)
Wastewater	Infrastructure that supports wastewater and storm water collection, treatment and management systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wastewater collection systems and or wastewater treatment facilities or systems • Separation of combined sewers and or combined sewer overflow control, including real-time control and system optimization • Separate storm water collection systems and or storm water treatment facilities or systems • Wastewater sludge treatment and management systems
Solid Waste	Infrastructure that supports solid waste management systems including the collection, diversion and disposal of recyclables, compostable materials and garbage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solid waste diversion projects including recycling, composting and anaerobic digestion that are clearly linked to a solid waste management plan or sustainability plan. • Solid waste disposal projects including thermal processes, gasification, and landfill gas recovery • Solid waste disposal strategies that reduce resource use that are clearly linked to a solid waste management plan or sustainability plan
Sport Infrastructure	Amateur sport infrastructure (excludes facilities, including arenas, which would be used as a home of professional sports teams or major junior hockey teams)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sport infrastructure for community public use • Sport infrastructure in support of major amateur athletic events

Recreation Infrastructure	Recreational facilities or networks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Large facilities or complexes which support physical activity such as arenas, gymnasiums, swimming pools, sports fields, tennis, basketball, volleyball or other sport-specific courts, or other facilities that have sport and/or physical activity as a primary rationale; • Community centers that offer programming to the community at large, including all segments of the population; • Networks of parks, fitness trails and bike paths
Cultural Infrastructure	Infrastructure that supports arts, humanities, and heritage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Museums • The preservation of designated heritage sites • Local government owned libraries and archives • Facilities for the creation, production, and presentation of the arts • Infrastructure in support of the creation of a cultural precinct within an urban core
Tourism Infrastructure	Infrastructure that attract travelers for recreation, leisure, business or other purposes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Convention centers • Exhibition hall-type facilities • Visitor centres
Disaster Mitigation	Infrastructure that reduces or eliminates long-term impacts and risks associated with natural disasters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction, modification or reinforcement of structures that protect from, prevent or mitigate potential physical damage resulting from extreme natural events, and impacts or events related to climate change • Modification, reinforcement or relocation of existing public infrastructure to mitigate the effects of and/or improve resiliency to extreme national events and impacts or events related to climate change <p><i>Note: this category is related to disaster prevention (such as dykes, berms, seismic upgrades etc.) and <u>not</u> response (such as fire trucks, fire halls, etc.)</i></p>

Broadband Connectivity	Infrastructure that provides internet access to residents, businesses, and/or institutions in British Columbia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High-speed backbone • Point of presence • Local distribution within communities • Satellite capacity
Brownfield Redevelopment	Remediation or decontamination and redevelopment of a brownfield site within municipal boundaries, where the redevelopment includes: the construction of public infrastructure as identified in the context of any other category under the GTF, and/or the construction of municipal use public parks and publicly-owned social housing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New construction of public infrastructure as per the categories listed under the Federal Gas Tax Agreement • New construction of municipal use public parks and affordable housing
Asset Management	Increase local government capacity to undertake asset management planning practices.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Asset Management Practices Assessment • Current State of Assets Assessment • Asset Management Policy • Asset Management Strategy • Asset Management Plan • Long-Term Financial Plan • Asset Management Practices Implementation Plan • Asset Management Plan Annual Report
Integrated Community Sustainability Plans	Increase local government capacity to undertake integrated community sustainability plans	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Integrated community sustainability plans • Regional growth strategies • Community development plans • Community plans
Long-term Infrastructure Plans		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transportation plans • Infrastructure development plans • Liquid waste management plans • Solid waste management plans • Long-term cross-modal transportation plans • Water conservation/demand management plans • Drought management contingency plans • Air quality plans • GHG reduction plans • Energy conservation plans

